STABLISHED AUGUST 24, 1852.

politicians nor office reckers, and hold their positions for life. They are not dependent on the favor of flow. Hayes in any respect. He cannot touch a hair of their heads nor deminish their salaries one cent. They were therefore far reof their heads nor diminish their salaries one cent. They were therefore far removed from any temptation to pervert the law or do violence to their consciences. They give in their verdict under solemn o atts to examine the case by the light of their conceded knowledge of the proper methods of interpreting the spirit and letter of the Constitution of the United States. Unless those men are perimers they are most atrociously and perjurers they are most atrociously and for the very same legal principles which foully abused by the Democratic press.

There is no middle ground in record to without hesitation. them. If we primit that there is any adation for the abuse beaped on them dission, we are bound to regard them as

the disputed Presidency to a Composion for it in the Constitution. They all the vexed dispute, the decision of the Tri Mr. Tilden. They did not look upon the by 12] cents. reference to the Commission as a game of "heads I win and tails you lose," which the light in which certain virulent Democratic Congressmen at Washington,

This is the ground sort of an experienc of this kind that the country has had rebellion rather than entenit to the recult of the Presidential election. A poragain plunge the country into war. One of their leading papers has unmistakably suggested the idea of preventing the inauguration of Gov. Haves by assassination. Other papers have given vent to the most seditions utlerances. On every hand we see exhibitions of Democratic spleen and insubordination. This is the spirit in which they receive the decisions of the highest tribunal ever con stituted in this country -a tributal, to own overwhelming vote in Conge Now what is the point in the decisi

of this tribunal against while all this opprobations classer raised? It is very important to understand the point decided. Briefly i is this, that in order to guard Presiden tial elections against the partisan interference of the dominant party in Conon them in consequence of the Bulgarian affected states. It is held that once this severe theory is abandoned the flood gates are opened to all acrts of templations to go behind the returns of the States, and that no man can foresec the end of such a policy. This is, in substance, the principal decision of the Tribunal. There are, however, some other points decided. They are snamed up briefly by the New York Tribune, and we avail ourselves of entmary presented by that paper, as

In brief, the Commission decides that in counting the electoral roles, neither house of Congress, nor the two houses together, nor the Vice President, can ask other evidence of the appointment of electors by a State than that given by a certificate of the Governor, based upon the finding of legality nuthorized State can wassers; that Mr. Kellung was the Governor of Louisians and Mr. Stearns of Florida, and the Returning Boards in those States were duly authorized to can was the control of the Congress of that it is immaterial whether an and the remainded of the time of the election provided he became qualified before entering upon his duties as elector as that State laws can be allowed the distribution of the United States. In brief, the positions cover the whole case, and no we ask, Was there a single intelliges Democrat in the United States who do hied these mailtons, are markle ago.

The Abuse Heaped on the Electoral Commission.

One would suppose from the abuse heaped on eight assubers of the Electoral Commission, that they are a corrupt set of characters who had betrayed a high trust, and were deserving of the scorn of all honorable men. There are among these eight men three justices of the United Stairs Supreme Court—the highest tribunal in the had—men whose homorable lives are refutations of the similer that has been visited upon them since the verdict of the Commission. They are not politicians nor effice reckers, and hold their positions for life. They are not their positions for life. They are not make the contractions of the single commission in the life. They are not politicians nor effice reckers, and hold their positions for life. They are not make the contractions of the single commission has been acted upon in some politicians nor effice reckers, and hold their positions for life. They are not make the contraction of the whole Democratic party, at several successive Presidential elections, has denied the right of a State, even though that State had been in rebellion. That Kellogg was the law full Governor of Florida has never being destined. That Kellogg was the law full Governor of Louisiana has been and dustorized, the Democrata admitted by submitting their claims to those boards with the aid of the eminent counsel. Finally, the very position with regard to the ineligibility of electors which the Republicans have maintained and which the Commission now takes, the Democrata themselves adopted and acted upon in successive Presidential elections, has denied the right of a State, even though that State had been in rebellion. That Kellogg was the law full Governor of Florida has never all governor of Florida has never being dentity and the contraction of the wellow of the wellow

Geiting Down to Their Work. The motion of Mr. Steadman prevailed

n the House vesterday, limiting members o five minute speeches on bills before that body. This is a wholesome check on the garrulity of certain members, and ness to get rid of one great clog on the amount in five minutes. Light travels light from the legislative mind can beemitted and scattered very rapidly, where in the short space of five minutes. Old It was remarked of him that when he go up he always had something to say; that

The Capital Removal Bill. 1

the Senate yesterday and passed, with its pass the ilouse, as the amendments are as, for instance, Senators Grantham and been spared this scene of wild and on Monday, and on yesterday voted to brutal abuse of honorable men. The Reagainst tabling it on Monday, and yesterday did not vote at all.

THE joint-convention count in Congretopped at Nevada yesterday, Oregon will probably be reached to-day. Wat terson, of Kentucky, spoke his piece. He goes in for abiding the result, thereby making amends for his foolishness before the Commission was organized.

A NUMBER of responsible men have set the controversy at rest. In this spirit offered to take the St. Louis Gas Works of acquiesence, the Republican masses of off the hands of the city and furnish gas to the citizens at \$1 50 per thousand ceived and accepted a decision in favor of cubic feet. Their offer beats Wheeling

* FOREIGN NEWS. THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Russian army south of Caucasus, on the Assatic frontier of Turkey, is ready for action. It numbers 115,000 men, with 35 field battalions and 250 heavy siege guns. Russia has 600,000 men, or two-thirds of her army, organized. About half of it is on the frontier ready to begin opera-tions.

tions.

A Pera dispatch says 70 more Bulgarians, charged with complicity in the insurrection, have been sentenced to two years penal servitude.

Chevkel Pasha has been appointed to

BOUMANIA LOVES PEACE. LONDON, February 20 .- A Standard pecial from Vienna reports that the umanian representative has officially informed Andrassy that Roomania de ires to remain neutral in any case. Her nilitia will be disbanded.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, February 20.—Sidney Her-bert, Conservative, has been returned to the Parliament for Wilton, defeating

In the House of Lords this afternoon in the House of Lords this afternoon the Duke of Argyle directed attention to the Government's instructions to Lord Salisbury regarding the Conference. He evergely criticised the conduct of the Government up to last autumn, since which time, however, its conduct had age of the policy of the Government laguet and the half-heartedness, timdity and vacilitation shown in carrying out the policy which public feeling forced at them in consequence of the Bulgarian

No Nonsense for Grant.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 20.—Information having reached President Grant from Republican sources here that several Republican sources here that several white military companies intended to indulge in a parade; an order was issued

Counting the Electoral Vote. MICHIGAN OBJECTED TO. Objection Overruled by the Senate

THE NEVADA ELECTOR NEXT A Unanimous Vote in the Senate

WISE COUNSELS PREVAILING.

The Bile About Worked Off.

Washington, February 20. Washington, rebriary 20,
The House met at ten o'clock. Half
an hour was consumed in calling the roll
to ascertain if there was a quorum present. That fact having been, ascertained,
the regular business of the day was introduced by Mr. Gibson offering an order
that the Hayes electoral votes for Louisiana by not counted.

ana be not counted.

Mr. Huribut moved to amend by striking out the word "not."

The discussion was opened by Mr. New, who said that he had voted for the Electoral Commission williout hesitation or misgivings and he was not ashamed of the support which he had given to that measure. He accepted without qualification his humble share of the responsibility. He would vote to sustain the objections to the decision of the Commission, but he was in favor of proceeding with:

but he was in favor of proceeding with out unnecessary delay to the completion

gress could not be too jealous of the Cor-stitutional rights of a State to choose it Presidential class Presidential electors.

Mr. Joyce declared the whole schem

for the election to the Presidency of the Grand Fraud of Gramercy Park had been a sublime Democratic cheat from begin-ning to all the properties of the pro

ning to end.

Mr. McMahon said the decision of the commission in the case of Louisiana was worse in its consequences to the American people than the decision in the Florida case. As to Oregon, no Democrat looked forward with much hope to the decision in that case. Mr. Rice protested against the wrong

and violence embodied in the decision, and argued that the whole subject should be referred back to the commission.

be referred back to the commission.

Mr. Watterson rose to speak, and immediately the floor and galleries were hushed into stillness. He said: If the acceptance of the inevitable with resolution and dignity be the highest as it is the rarest form of courage known among men, it is made harder in this instance by the consciousness of double dealing and foul play. Two courses are open to the majority on this floor: On the one the on hand, a passionate outery at once impotent and childish; On the other impotent and childish: On the other hand, without offering needless ob-struction to the progress of events, an earnest, manly, but temperate protest against what we believe to be a great and grievous wrong. In my judgement, the lat-ter is our clear and bounden duty. We owe it to the necessities of the case, we owe it to the country, we owe it to ourselves. Because we were quiped by false pretenses it to the decisites of the class, we owe it to the country, we owe it to ourselves. Because we were duped by false pretenses into a snare furnished us, is no reason why we should forget the obligations that press upon honorable men. In the very act of passing the electogal commission billive provided for the contingency that has come upon us. I voted for that measure in perfect good faith. The result is against me, and destructive as I must think the means that brought it about, I accept it as final, and I shall go to my people and tell them all, for, as I am advised, they know only a part, and when they have taken time for reflection they will, I am very sure, illustrate the wisdom and grace of moderation in doing nothing that does not become good citizens. Life will still go forward in spite of all this, and there are many things to live for in this rough world, and among the reat that day of reckoning dies iree dies illa, when the dark shall be light and the wrongs be made right.

light and the wrongs be made right.

Mr. Danford defended the decision a Mr. Danford defended the decision as one which, outside of party feeling, would meet the approval of the whole American people, although there had been investigating committees into the elections in Florida, Louisiann and Oregon, which had found much crookedness, yet in all words spoken, letter written and telegrams sent there had not been traced to the President elect or to any member of his household, one word that would bring the blins of shapes to the would bring the blush of shame to the

would oring the olden of shame to the American people. [Applaase.] Kelley and Pratt were the other speak-ers supporting the decision and Wood and Cox sgainst it. The Speaker here announced that to

The Speaker here announced that to-day's legislative session had begun and after prayer and the reading of the jour-nal, debate was resumed. al, debate was resumed. The debate closed at 1 o'clock, and the House then voted on Mr. Gibson's reso Itomse then voted on Mr. (10800's reso luttion, that the decision of the Commis sion be not agreed to, and it was adopt ed-yeas 172, nava 97, a party vote, with the exception of Seelye and Pierce, of Massachusetts, who voted with the Dem

nat the House was ready to meet that ody in joint convention.

JOINT CONVENTION.

At 1:35 o'clock the Senate and House

et in joint convention.

The Presiding Officer stated that the The Presiding Officer stated that the Son two houses, acting separately, had considered and decided the objections to the exertificates from the State of Louisiana, wor and that the action of each house would now be read. This having been done, the Presiding Officer announced that, the two houses not having decided otherwise, the decision of the commission would stand in force, and he directed the tellers to declare the vote of Louisiana.

Senator Allison, one of the tellers

BY TELEGRAPH.

It or Michigan, and baying held and still holding an office of the U.S. Commission, had absented himself from the meeting of the electors on the 6th of December, and his place had been filled by another elector. The objection claimed himself from the fact that Hanchett absented himself from the ditarged ineligible elector exercised any and therefore, that the said Orrisman had not been dily appointed an elector. The objection also, submits that the tests that the time of his appointment is proven that at the time of his appointment is not sufficiently proven that at the time of his appointment was an officer of the United States, therefore

To THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER by another elector. The objection claims the fact that Hanchett absented himself from the meeting didn't creat a vacancy, and therefore, that the said Orrisman had not been duly appointed an elector. The objection also, submits that the testimony of Benton Hanchett before the Committee on Privileges, in which he states that he has never resigned his office as U. S. Commissioner and that he absented himself for that reason from the meeting of the electors.

The objection is signed by Senators Norwood, Wallace, Barnum and Hereford, and by Representatives Williams, Tucker, Vance (Ohio), McMahon, Rice, Sparks, Matph, Savage and Hurd.

The presiding officer then asked if there were any further objections, and none being made the Senate withdrew to let the objection be considered and acted on by each House separately.

The Senate having entered upon the objection offered by Mr. Tucker to the counting of the vote of Crosman, elector of Hayes and Wheeler.

Then Individually the foliation of the vote of the Senate with the House take a recess till 10 o'clock formor Michigan, Mr. Southard moved that the House take a recess till 10 o'clock formor Michigan, Mr. Southard moved that the House take a recess till 10 o'clock formor Michigan, Mr. Southard moved that the House take a recess till 10 o'clock formor Michigan, Mr. Southard moved that the House take a recess till 10 o'clock formor Michigan, Mr. Southard moved that the House take a recess till 10 o'clock formor Michigan, Mr. Southard moved that the House take a recess till 10 o'clock formor Michigan and House for Tilden and Hendricks; Mississippi, with

he House take a recess till 10 o'clock

the House take a recess till 10 o'clock to; morrow.

Mr. Hale raised the point that the general scope of the Electoral Commission bill was intended to prevent a delay, and that the motion for a recess was not now in order.

The Speaker said as he understood the intent and scope of the bill the motion for a recess was in order, and he overfuled the point.

that therefore Crossman had been fairly appointed an elector.

Mr. Buckner replied to Mr. Conger, and referred to the unanimons decision of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island against the position assumed by Mr. Conger, but that decision, he said, had been made when there was no temptation to pervert the law to an unholy purpose.

Mr. Bright argued in support of the objection.

bjection.

Mr. Lawrence argued that from the tatutes of Michigan this objection was not well founded. The statutes were intended to cover every case of vacancy that might arise, without regard to the manner in which it arose.

Mr. Hubbell, of Michigan, asked Mr Lawrence whether there was any proof o Hanchetts disqualification.

Mr. Lawrence said that there was no such proof, and there could not be, because the House was incapable of taking proof on the subject, and it was the Board of Canvassers of Michigan.

Board of Canvassers of Michigan.

Mr. Foster, of Ohio, who represents the district in which Covernor Hayes resides, spoke of the duty of both parties to abide by the decision of the Electoral Commission, and said this is not the time for mere party exultation. The exultation of a patriot over the nation's escape from the dangers that threatened its reace, presently and hampings is fit. its peace, prosperity and happiness, is fit-ting and proper in the triumph of peace over disorder and possible civil war; both parties can unite in exultation. parties can unite in exultation. While I as it stood. He therefore a substitute:
I to rejoice simply in a party sense, I to rejoice that one of the purest ordered, That while it is the sense of and most patriotic of our fellow citizens the Senate that no Senator or Representis to guide the affairs of this government tative or person holding an office of trust for four years to come. Representing as

is to guide the aliairs of this government for four years to come. Representing as I do athe district in which Gov. Hayes resides, and being a life-long acquaintance of his, I but speak the opinion of all persons who know him, when I say his administration will be wise, patriotic and wat. Notwithstanding whethers a least the same waters as the same waters as the same waters as the same waters as the same waters are same waters. ust. Notwitkstanding whatever else may be said to the contrary, here or elsewhere, the people of all sections of the country

the people of all sections of the country may confidently expect from him not only fair, but generous consideration. His letter of acceptance is the expression of a man of the broadest and loftiest patriotism. I feel certain that I shall be austained by his acts, when Lasy his highest ambition will be to administer the Government so patriotically and wisely not wipe away every necessity or excuse for the formation of parties on a sensational basis, and all traces of party color lines, that thereafter and forever we shall tional basis, and all traces of party color lines, that thereafter and forever we shall hear no more of a solid South or a united North, and the flag shall float over the States not as provinces and over freemen not as subjects. When Gov. Hayes appealed to the people of the Bouth in his letter of acceptance he addressed them as "my countrymen"—why not his countrymen? Are not the Southern States equal to those of the North or East or West, and is not the South an integral part of the nation? It has been said sneeringly, and for purpose of stirring wild passions in

for purpose of stirring wild passions in the human heart to bad acts, that the South under President Hayes must submit to an unconditional surrender to the Republican party. No, sir; no such de-mand will be made. All that will be expected is a patriotic co-operation of the South in the great work of restoration through Union, the Constitution and the South in the great work of restoration, through Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws. In this great work the representative men of the South have already distinguished themselves for patrotism and statesmanship during the pendancy of this present crisis in our history.

Mr. Sparks, of Illinois, in reply to Mr. Foster said he doubted the patriotism of any man who took an office thrust on him by fraud, and which he knew that he the celebration be postponed until some more anspicious period.

Two Kennedys.

Lousnille, February 20.—E. D. Kennedy has been arguered the tellers to declare the vote of Louisiana. Here was no manifestation of any kind at the anounty. The difficulty was about a law suit. G. C. Kennedy has been arguered the tellers to declare the vote of Louisiana. Here was no manifestation of any kind at the anounty. The difficulty was about a law suit. G. C. Kennedy has been arguered to the law suit. G. C. Kennedy has been arguered to the law suit. G. C. Kennedy has been arguered to the law suit. G. C. Kennedy has been arguered to the left and the country. The difficulty was about a law suit. G. C. Kennedy has been arguered to the law suit. G. C. Kennedy has been arguered to t

The concurrent action of each house in overruling the objection in the case of one of the Michigan electors was announced, and the 11 votes of that State were cast for Hayes and Wheeler.

Then followed Minnesota, with 5 votes for Hayes and Wheeler; Mississippi, with 8 votes for Tilden and Hendricks; Missouri, with 16 votes for Tilden and Hendricks; Nebraska, with 3 votes for Hayes and Wheeler, and Nayada, with 3 votes for Hayes and Wheeler, and Sayada, with 3 votes for the count of one of the three-votes of Nevada, on the ground that Elector R. M. Dagget was, at the time of his appointment, and for a

dent pro tem, announced that the Senate having withdrawn from the joint conven-tion of the two houses upon the submis-sion of the objection to counting the vote

ected to be counted notwithstanding the jection thereto. Mr. Stevenson asked if the Senator

vote of D. L. Crossman, one of the electors.

To of Michigan, is not good in law and is not austained by any lawful evidence.

Resolved, That said vote be counted with the other votes of the electors of said Sixte notwithstanding the objection made.

Mr. Whyte said he could not vote for the resolution of the Senator from Iowa sidered a great surprise to all except as it stood. He therefore submitted the lollowing as a substitute:

State of D. L. Crossman, one of the electors.

State and a mortage of real estate, amount uniform, the New York. The kitch of the first of the law of the summerous firms. Mr. Skeley of Pennsylvania, Job Stevenson of Cincinnati, and Col. Ditty of Baltimere, as also Judge Trumbull. The whole establishment, so far as the lollowing as a substitute:

State of the electors.

At the ball in New Orleans the with the same trumber of local people: Wm. D. Kelley of Pennsylvania, Job Stevenson of Cincinnati, and Col. Ditty of Baltimere, as also Judge Trumbull. The whole establishment, so far as the lollowing as a substitute:

State of the electors.

At the ball in New Orleans the with the same trumber of local people: Wm. D. Kelley of Pennsylvania, Job Stevenson of Cincinnati, and Col. Ditty of Baltimere, as also Judge Trumbull. The whole establishment, so far as the lower of the electors.

pinted an elector, and that this pro ried in its whole spirit into rigid exe-cution, yet the proof is not such as to jus-

cution, yet the proof is not such as to jus-tify the exclusion of the vote of D. L. Crossman as one of the electors of Michi-gan, and that his vote should be counted. Mr. Norwood said when he signed the objection to the vote of Crossman this morning he knew nothing as to what the proof wadid be. He could see now from the evidence which had been sub-mitted that it was not sufficient to exclude the vote of this elector.

the vote of this elector.

The substitute of Mr. Whyte was re jected by a strict party vote, yeas 27, nay

19, as follows 39, as 10110ws:
YEAS—Messrs. Bailey, Barnum, Bogy,
Bayard, Cockrell, Cooper, Davis, Dennis,
Eaton, Goldthwaite, Hereford, Johnston,
Jones (Fla.) Kelley, Kernan, McGreery,
McDonald, Macky, Merrimon, Norwood,
Pandolin, Pans

Randolph, Ransom, Saulsbury, Stevenson, Wallace, Whyte and Withers—27.

NAYS—Alcorn, Allison, Anthony,
Booth, Boutwell, Bruce, Burnside
Cameron, (Pa.,) Cameron, (Wis.,) Chaffee Cameron, (Pa...) Cameron, (Wis.,) Challee Christianey, Clayton, Conover, Cragin Dawes, Dorsey, Ferry, Frelinghuysen, Hamlin, Harvey, Howe, Ingles, Jones, (Nev.,) Logan, (Mo..) Millan, Mitchell Morrill, Morton, Paddock, Patterson Echapter, Savent, Stevens, Carcine, Robertson, Sargent, Sherman Spencer Teller, Wadleigh, West, Windom and Wright; 39.

The question being on a resolution of Mr. Allison, Mr. McDonald moved to amend the first resolution so it would read:

Resolved, That the objection made to Resolved, That the objection made to a vote of Danl. L. Crossman, one of the Electors of Michigan, is not sustained by lawful evidence.

Rejected; yeas 26, nays 38; a strict party vote.

Mr. Cooper demanded a separate vote
on the resolution, and the first one as submitted Mr. Allison was agreed to, by a
vote of yeas 40, nays 17.

The second, resolution was then unanimously agreed to. Yeas 63.

Mr. Christiancy moved that the House
be notified of the fact, and also, that the

fed in the joint convention, was read, and also the testimony of Daggett taken by the Committee on Powers and Privileges of the House in regard to his holding, the office of Clerk of the United States Court, but which he stated he resigned on the

office of Clerk of the United States Court, but which he stated he resigned on the 6th of November Jast.

Mr. Jones, of Nevada, submitted a rescontinuous that the vote of B. M. Daggett be counted with the other votes of Nevada, not withstand the objection made. Agreed to unanimously, and the Secretary directed to main the Mr. Market of the residence of the state of t ed to notify the House of the action of parish. The paper was produced and the Senate.

and reported that the House had taken a recess before he reached the hall. The Senate then took a recess till 10 o'clock

gold watch and chain, a diamond ring and some money.

By the death of Miss Mary Dancer, a few days ago, more than four-fifths of the large property acquired by Matthias Dancer, gambler, goes to charitable and benevolent institutions. Mary is said to have been a young lady of rare beauty and character, and during her life she gave much to charities. By her will \$335,000 will be divided among thirty-one religious, benevolent and charatable institutions.

Faited.

Held expected some kind of reward in case his exposures resulted in breaking down the Returning Bloard and electing Mr. Tilden. In thinking over what might be done for Littlefield, in case which in formation should prove valuable, had an idea that something might be found away from Louisiana zome place, in case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield way from Louisiana zome place, in case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield in the case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield way from Louisiana zome place, in case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield way from Louisiana zome place, in case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield way from Louisiana zome place, in case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield way from Louisiana zome place, in case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield way from Louisiana zome place, in case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield way from Louisiana zome place, in case of Tilden's inauguration. Littlefield way from Louisiana zome place, in case his exposures resulted in breaking down the Returning Bloard and electing Mr. Tilden. In thinking over what in the case his exposures resulted in breaking down the Returning Bloard and electing Mr. Tilden. In thinking over what in the later in the case his exposures resulted in breaking dwn. Tilden. In thinking over what in the later in the case his exposures resulted in breaking dwn the Returning Bloard and electing Mr. Tilden. In thinking over what in the later in the later in the case his exposures resulted in the later in the

Identified. Cincinnati, O., February 20.—The proprietor of the hotel at Jefferson, Tex as, at which Bessie Moore and her mur as, at which Bessie Moore and her mur-decrestopped while in that city, arrived here this morning and identified Abe Botschild as the man who was last seen with Bessie Moore. While there he passed under the name of Munroe. It will be remembered that these dispatches on Saturday last gave an account of at tempted suicide by Rotschild, supposed to have been caused by remorse.

Weather Indications.

WARDEFARMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SHORAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., February 21-1 A.w.)
FROMAULTIES.
For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missisouri Valley, and the Lake regions, falling barometer, warmer southwest winds, increasing cloudiness, and, at the northerly stations, possibly followed by light rain or snow,

Syracuse Charter Election SYRACUSE, February 20.—At the char r election to-day James G. Beldon, Re ter election to-day James G. Beldon, R publican, was elected Mayor by 1,7; majority, the largest ever given to ar candidate for office in Syracuse. The R publicans carry every Ward in the cit on Aldermen and Supervisors.

Ashtabula Investigation. CLEVELAND, February 20.—A special the Leader from Ashtabula says: The to the Leader From Assistantia says: The coroner's jury reassembled to-day. Sev-eral brakesmen were examined in regard to the length of time required to stop a train on which the patent Creamer brakes are used.

Obituary.

Indianapolis, February 20.—Hon, D. C. Branham, State Senator from Jefferson county, died in this city this forencon, Mr. Branham has long been identified with the politics and internal improvement of the State.

Marine Intelligence. New York, February 20.—Arrived— Steamers Switzerland, from Antwerp, and Greece, from London.

Creece, from London.
London, February 20.—Steamers Lab-rador and Othello, from New York, and Moravian, from Portland, have arrived, Movillar, February 20.—The Steam-ship Bolivia, from New York, has ar-

San Francisco, February 20,-Clear-ed-The British ship Thermere for Liv-

WASHINGTON.

Louisiana Investigation

Ex-Gov. Palmer, of Illinois, was be-ore the House sub Committee. He tes-House had given the Senate no notice that it was ready to receive this body.

Mr. Sargent said no further notice was necessary.

The motion of Mr. Allison was agreed to, and the Senate left its chamber.

On returning at 5:50, the President stated that the Senate had retired from the joint meeting on the objection submitted to the vote of Nevada.

The objection to the vote of R. M. Daggett, an elector from Nevada, submited in the joint convention, was read, and also the testimony of Daggett taken by lelegram from Spearing dated Cairo, ified to two conversations with Little telegram from Spearing dated Cairca saking witness to meet him there; witness being mable to saking witness to meet him there; witness being unable to go, telegraphed him to come to Springfield; on the next day witness went to the depot and met Spearing, Littlefield and Judge Murphy, of Davenport; made an appointment to meet them at witness house after 10 o'clock that night; witness was told by Littlefield that he had in his possession the consolidated returns of Vermon parish. The paper was produced and the Senate.
At 6:15 o'clock the Secretary returned vote. There were differences, and Wit words and the erasures on the paper Witness secollection about the alterereturn was substantially the same as ha

arthese commission bill was intended to prelarge and white and reported that the Home had taked on the preyear a delay, and that the motion
for a receas was not now in order.

The Speaker said as he understood the
Brown of the bill the motion
for a receas was not now in order.

The Speaker said as he understood the
delay of the bill the motion
for a receas was not now in order
the understand of the pretruck the point.

The the course of the discussion over the
question of the receas, Mr. Wood upposed
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proposition and submitted that as it
agent that as it
proposition and submitted that as it
proposition discussed and accet on
submitted the count should proceed.

Mr. Tucker discinated any idea of
instead the count should proceed.

Mr. Tucker discinated any idea of
instead the count should proceed.

Mr. Speaker ground that the members
a
proposition of the proposition of
propo

objection thereto.

Mr. Stevenson asked if the Senator (Allison) knew the fact that the person alleged to have been ineligible was not an average of D. Kreigh, commission appersonnessing that the person alleged to have been ineligible was not a government officer.

Mr. Allison replied he did not, but he heard the testimony read before the joint meeting.

Mr. Bayard said this testimony was not as clear on this important subject as the Senate might desire.

After considerable debate Mr. Allison modified his resolution so as to read:

Resolved, That the objection made to the vote of D. L. Crossman, one of the electors of Michigan, is not good in law and tors of Michigan, is not good in law and to make the contract of the provisions in the provision of trust deeds to N. Corwith, Chicago; the contract of the electors.

Salidavits with them, or mentioned in connection with them. There was no papersonnessing the papersonnessing the paperson appears of the minimum and a versum section with them. There was no paperson that the min any way. There was no hint that the return from Vernon parish was disputed in any respect. In examining the tabustic provisions is probably the cause.

The firm say they cannot yet give any definite figures, but it is known the failure was a proposition of the return from Vernon parish was disputed in any respect. In examining the tabustic provisions is probably the cause.

The firm say they cannot yet give any definite figures, but it is known the failure was a not hint that the spread of the return from Vernon parish was disputed in any respect. In examining the tabustic figures, but it is known the failure was not hint that the way they cannot yet give any definite figures, but it is known the failure was not hint that the way they cannot the failure was not hint that the way respect. In examining the tabustic parish was disputed in any respect. In examining the tabustic parish was disputed in any respect. In examining the tabustic parish was disputed in any respect. In examining the tabust affidavits with them, or mentioned

Mr. Trumbull went there as an artist to study a peculiar phase of the southern society. His gravity all through was the most amusing thing that the witness ever saw. He could not have been more solenm if he had been a bishop of the diocese. Mr. Kelley of Pennsylvania was going it lively, cutting the don shuftle and throwing other visitors in shade. Adjourned till to-morrow.

DEATH OF ADMIRAL GOLDSBOROUGH WASHINGTON, February 20.— Reas Admiral Louis M. Goldsborough diec this morning of typhoid pneumonia, be ing the sixth death that has occurred among the Rear Admirals, two within the last four or five weeks. The funeral services over the late Admiral Davis took place to-day in St. John's Church, Cambridge, Mass.

THE COUNTING OF MISSISSIPPI. A consultation was held to-day among the Republicans having in charge the protest prepared against counting the electoral vote of Mississippi for Tilden and Hendricks, but in view of the delay it would cause in the completion of the count, they decided to withhold it and let the count go on so far as they are concerned without interruption.

James M. Wattenough, pay inspect of the Navy, has been appointed Paymaster General.

MICHIGAN OBJECTED TO. When Michigan was reached in the count of the electoral vote Mr. Tucker objected to the counting of the vote of Daniel L. Crossmap, a Republican elector, claiming that Crossman had not been delta manifest. duly appointed. EXCUSED FROM EXAMINATION.

By mutual agreement the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections and the Committee on Powers, Privileges and Duties of the House in counting the electoral vote have decided not to go into an examination of the papers and accounts of the leaders of either political party. In consequence of this Ellis, President of the Third National Bank of New York, will not be required to produce an above the produce of the Third National Bank of New York, will not be required to produce an abstract of the account of Samuel J. Tilden at the Third National Bank for examination. Z. Chandler, Chairman of the National Republican Committee, will be excused from appearing before the latter committee with his account books, papers, &c. This harmonious action of the two committees was brought about through the exertions of Senator Barnum and Mr.

NO CHANGE OF INSTRUCTIONS. NO CHANGE OF ISSTRUCTIONS:
Congressman Ellis, Col. Burke and
Counsellor Cavanaue, of Louisiana, called on the President to-day and explained the condition of affairs in that State.
The President replied he was satisfied that Gen. Nicholls was acting in good faith in preserving the status quo, and he had no intention of changing his in-

structions. In the course of the conver-sation the President said Gen, Nicholls should not be held responsible for the freak of the crazy man who shot Packard.

A WRESTLING MATCH. A wrestling match for \$500 a side, between McLaughlin, of Detroit, and Cavanaugh, of Vergiont, was witnessed by 1500 people. McLaughlin won easy in two straight falls.

FUNDING THE NEW 4 PER CENTS. The Senate Committee on Finance to-day agreed to report the bill funding the new 4 per cent bonds. It is not exactly the plan of the President, as recently rec-ommended by him, but is in that direc-tionended by him, but is in that direc-

THE MEXICAN AWARD,

The Mexican Minister will to-morrow appear before the Judiciary Committee of the Senate to present evidence showing the award in the Weel case to be fraudu-DON PIATT'S CASE.

DON PIATT'S CASE.

The Government's case against Don Piatt was before the grand jury to-day. It is well understood that an indictment will be returned under the statutes for uttering, seditious writings, and further proceedings will be held toward procuring an indictment for libel.

A telegram received from Governor Nicholls by Mai. F. A. Burke, says, the people of Louisiana, not only refuse to pay taxes to any Government but that of which I am Executive, but have anticipated the appointment of tax collectors and voluntarily paid to the agents for the use of our Government the percentage deemed sufficient for present purposes, I have delayed many appointments of the tax collectors, because awaiting legislation reducing the present extravagant compensation now paid for collecting. The people not only are willing but are anxious to pay.

DON PIATT BEGINS TO SCAHE.

Don Platt published a card this after-

DON PLATE BRUINS TO SCARE.

Don Platt published a card this afternon, in which he says:
"Nothing was further from my thoughts
a penning the editorial in last Sunday's
saue of the Copital than the horrible rime of assassination. Open to revolutionary wrong for which there seems no other resistance, is one thing seems no other resistance. In the sen and assassination another. In the sen and assassination another. In the sen-tence so strongly commented on and de-nounced, it will appear when taken in consideration with what precedes and follows, my appeal is made to the people and not to the assassin."

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